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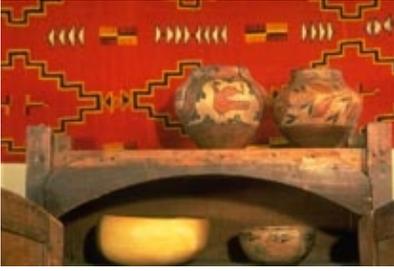
A Weekend in Santa Fe

Santa Fe, 2 Days

Table of contents:

- Guide Description 2
- Itinerary Overview 3
- Daily Itineraries 4
- Santa Fe Snapshot 9

Guide Description



AUTHOR NOTE: With over 200 restaurants and countless museums, Santa Fe has developed as a destination for food and art lovers of all kinds. Events such as ArtFeast, Taste of Santa Fe, and the Santa Fe Wine & Chile Fiesta are perfect opportunities to sample the range of art and cuisine. In addition, cooking classes to help visitors master the art of cooking with chile, the city's most ubiquitous ingredient.

Itinerary Overview

things to do
restaurants
hotels
nightlife

Day 1 - Santa Fe

DAY NOTE: Visitors enjoy the accessible nature of the works at the Georgia O'Keeffe Museum. The largest single repository of O'Keeffe's work in the world, the site is the most visited art museum in the state of New Mexico, and the only museum in the world dedicated to an internationally-known female artist.



Second Street Brewery
Great Conversation, Food & Beer



Georgia O'Keeffe Museum
Modern Art Museum



El Farol
Santa Fe's Oldest Restaurant



Santa Fe Detours
People Who Know Santa Fe



Anasazi Restaurant
One of Santa Fe's finest restaurants



Catamount Bar & Grille
Breakfast Served All Day & Night!



The Inn On The Alameda
Spanish Colonial-Style Lodging

Day 2 - Santa Fe

DAY NOTE: Take home some great food know-how from the Santa Fe School of Cooking. Guests enjoy learning to create traditional New Mexican, Native American, Mexican, Spanish, vegetarian and contemporary Southwestern entrees. Lunch consists of the creations made in class.



New Mexico State Capitol
New Mexico legislative center



Santa Fe School of Cooking
Learn From The Best



Museum of International Folk Art
Impressive collection of folk art from around the world.

Day 1 - Santa Fe

QUICK NOTE

DAY NOTE: Visitors enjoy the accessible nature of the works at the Georgia O'Keeffe Museum. The largest single repository of O'Keeffe's work in the world, the site is the most visited art museum in the state of New Mexico, and the only museum in the world dedicated to an internationally-known female artist.

contact:

tel: 505 946 1000

fax: 505 946 1091

<http://www.okeeffemuseum.org>

location:

217 Johnson St
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

M-Th & Sa-Su 10a-5p, F
10a-8p

1 Georgia O'Keeffe Museum

DESCRIPTION: The Georgia O'Keeffe Museum, inaugurated in July 1997, contains the largest collection of O'Keeffe's work in the world: currently 1,149 paintings, drawings, and sculptures, and 1,851 works by other artists of note. It's the largest museum in the United States dedicated solely to an internationally known woman artist. You can see such remarkable O'Keeffe's as *Jimson Weed*, painted in 1932, and *Evening Star No. VI*, from 1917. The museum presents special exhibitions that are either devoted entirely to O'Keeffe's work or combine examples of her art with works by her American modernist contemporaries. My favorite in recent years brought together works of O'Keeffe and photographer Ansel Adams. The rich and varied collection adorns the walls of a cathedral-like, 13,000-square-foot space -- a former Baptist church with adobe walls. O'Keeffe's images are tied inextricably to local desert landscapes. She first visited New Mexico in 1929 and returned for extended periods from the '20s through the '40s. In 1949 she moved here permanently. An excellent film at the museum depicts her life. © Frommer's



wcities

contact:

tel: 505 983 9912

<http://www.elfarolsf.com/>

location:

808 Canyon Rd
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

Mo to Su from 05:00 PM to
10:00 PM

2 El Farol

DESCRIPTION: This is the place to head for local ambience and flavors of Spain, Santa Fe, and Mexico. El Farol (The Lantern), set in an 1835 adobe building, is the Canyon Road artists' quarter's original neighborhood bar. The restaurant has cozy low ceilings and hand-smoothed adobe walls. Thirty-five varieties of tapas are offered, including such delicacies as gambas al ajillo (shrimp with chile, garlic, Madeira, and lime) and pinchos morunos (grilled pork skewers with harissa sauce). You can make a meal out of two or three tapas shared with your friends or order a full dinner such as the paella or the mixed grill, with lamb, chorizo, and shrimp over delectable potatoes. There is live entertainment 7 nights a week -- including jazz/swing, folk, and Latin guitar music -- starting at 9:30pm. In summer, two outdoor patios are open to diners. Call ahead to find out about their flamenco dinner shows. The restaurant offers some of the finest wines and sherries in the world. © Frommer's



wcities

contact:

tel: 505 983 6565
fax: 505 986 0214
<http://www.sfdetours.com/>

location:

54 1/2 E. San Francisco St
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

Daily 9a-5p

3 Santa Fe Detours

DESCRIPTION: One of Santa Fe's best walking tours begins under the T-shirt tree at Tees & Skis, 107 Washington Ave., near the northeast corner of the plaza (at 9:30am and 1:30pm). It lasts about 2 1/2 hours. From November through March, the tour runs by reservation only. © Frommer's



Photo courtesy of Santa Fe Detours

contact:

tel: +1 505 988 3030
<http://www.innoftheanasazi.com/dine1.cfm>

location:

113 Washington Avenue
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

Daily 9a-10p

4 Anasazi Restaurant

DESCRIPTION: This restaurant has won many awards over the years, and has been mentioned in Conde Nast magazine more than once. Serving breakfast, lunch and dinner means that you are sure to get something to please your palate at any time of the day. The menu combines culinary choices from the three main cultures of the area—Native American, Spanish and Anglo. The Habañero Glazed Tuna Mignon is a slightly spicy meal that is fantastic. Other entrees of beef, pork, chicken and wild game are also great. © wcities.com



citysearch

contact:

tel: 505 988 7222
<http://www.theatomicgrill.com/>

location:

103 East Water Street
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

M-Sa 11a-2a; Su 1p-mid

5 Catamount Bar & Grille

DESCRIPTION: The post-college crowd hangs out at this bar, where live rock and blues music play on weekends. Food is served until 11pm, and there is also a billiards room. © Frommer's



wcities

contact:

tel: +1 505 984 2121 / +1 888 984 2121 (Toll Free)
fax: +1 505 986 8325
<http://www.innonthealameda.com/>

location:

303 East Alameda Street
Santa Fe NM 87501

6 The Inn On The Alameda

DESCRIPTION: Just across the street from the bosque-shaded Santa Fe River sits the Inn on the Alameda, a cozy stop for those who like the services of a hotel with the intimacy of an inn. Built in 1986, with additions over the years, it's now a little like a village, with a number of buildings and casitas. All are pueblo-style adobe, ranging in age, but most were built in the late 1980s. The owner, Joe Schepps, appreciates traditional Southwestern style; he's used red brick in the dining area and Mexican equipae (wicker) furniture in the lobby, as well as thick vigas and shiny latillas in a sitting area set around a grand fireplace. The rooms follow a similar good taste, some with refrigerators, CD players, safes, and kiva fireplaces. All rooms have comfortable beds, good linens, robes, and well planned bathrooms with tile. The trees surrounding the inn -- cottonwoods and aspens -- add a bit of a rural feel to the



Hotels.com

property. If you're an art shopper, this is an ideal spot because it's a quick walk to Canyon Road. A full-service bar is open nightly. Breakfast is delicious, with bakery items and always a hot dish. © Frommer's

Day 2 - Santa Fe

QUICK NOTE

DAY NOTE: Take home some great food know-how from the Santa Fe School of Cooking. Guests enjoy learning to create traditional New Mexican, Native American, Mexican, Spanish, vegetarian and contemporary Southwestern entrees. Lunch consists of the creations made in class.

contact:

tel: +1 505 986 4589
http://www.santafe.org/New_Mexico_State_Capitol/index.html,<http://www.nmlegis.gov/lcs/>

location:

411 State Capitol
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

10a-2p Mon-Fri

1

New Mexico State Capitol

DESCRIPTION: Built in 1966, this government center is shaped like the Zia symbol, and is known as the Round House. The four-story building houses government offices and the state House and Senate chambers. From the ground floor, you can enter the rotunda and see the state seal and rotating art exhibits that are often on display. The visitors center is also located on this floor. On the fourth floor, the Governors Gallery offers more works of art. Take a free, self-guided tour during the week, or call to make an appointment for a guided tour. © wcities.com



wcities

contact:

tel: 505 983 4511
<http://www.santafeschoolofcooking.com>

location:

116 West San Francisco Street
Santa Fe NM 87501

hours:

10a-5p daily by appt.

2

Santa Fe School of Cooking

DESCRIPTION: Offering culinary tours of Santa Fe and the surrounding area, the Santa Fe School of Cooking has earned national awards for its light-hearted approach to cooking instruction. The Farmers Market class is a day trip to the Santa Fe Farmers Market, where you learn to select the best produce. Then, back at class you will be shown award-winning methods for preparing a mouth-watering salsa. The school also offers a six-day tour of Northern New Mexico's villages and traditional cooking. © wcities.com



contact:

tel: 505 476 1200
fax: 505 476 1300
<http://www.internationalfolkart.org/>

location:

706 Camino Lejo
Santa Fe NM 87504-2087

hours:

Daily 10am-5pm Memorial Day to Labor Day; Tues-Sun the rest of the year 10am-5pm

3

Museum of International Folk Art

DESCRIPTION: This branch of the Museum of New Mexico may not seem quite as typically Southwestern as other Santa Fe museums, but it's the largest of its kind in the world. With a collection of some 130,000 objects from more than 100 countries, it's my favorite city museum, well worth an hour or two of perusing. It was founded in 1953 by the Chicago collector Florence Dibell Bartlett, who said, "If peoples of different countries could have the opportunity to study each other's cultures, it would be one avenue for a closer understanding between men." That's the basis on which the museum operates today. The special collections include Spanish colonial silver, traditional and contemporary New Mexican religious art, Mexican tribal costumes and majolica ceramics, Brazilian folk art, European glass, African sculptures, and East Indian textiles. Particularly delightful are numerous



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dioramas of people around the world at work and play in typical town, village, and home settings. Children love to look at the hundreds of toys on display throughout the museum, many of which are from a collection donated in 1982 by Alexander Girard, a notable architect and interior designer, and his wife, Susan. The couple spent their lives traveling the world collecting dolls, animals, fabrics, masks, and dioramas. They had a home in Santa Fe, where they spent many years before they died. Their donation included more than 100,000 pieces, 10,000 of which are exhibited at the museum. The Hispanic Heritage Wing houses a fine collection of Spanish colonial and contemporary Hispanic folk art. Folk-art demonstrations, performances, and workshops are often presented here. The 80,000-sq.-ft. museum also has a lecture room, a research library, and two gift shops, where a variety of folk art is available for purchase. © Frommer's

contact:

tel: 505 982 3030

fax: 505 982 8585

<http://www.secondstreetbrewery.com>

location:

1814 2nd Street

Santa Fe NM 87505

hours:

M-Th 11a-10p; F, Sa 11a-11p;

Su noon-10p

4 Second Street Brewery

DESCRIPTION: In a metal building, tucked back off 2nd Street, this brewery has managed to create a lively pub scene and fairly warm atmosphere. The walls, painted in gold hues, enclose a room containing interesting contemporary art and wooden tables. It's a party type of place, especially during the warm months, when diners and beer savorers sit out on the patio. The beers are quite tasty -- I like the amber ale, and my friend enjoys the cream stout. You can even get a 4-ounce sampler size for \$1.25 and try a few different brews. The food isn't extremely memorable, but in winter, it can warm a hearty appetite with such home-style dishes as chicken potpie (as a special) and shepherd's pie. The fish and chips is a big seller as are the burgers, topped with green chile and cheese. The menu also offers lighter fare, such as quiches, soups, and salads. There's a kids' menu, and wines are available. Look for their "Hoppy" Hour, when beer prices are reduced. There are also darts all the time and live entertainment several nights a week. © Frommer's



Photo courtesy of Second Street Brewery.

Santa Fe Snapshot

Local Info

Whether it's snow blanketing sensual adobe walls, spring flowers painting the historic Plaza a kaleidoscope of color, fiestas lasting long into warm summer nights or golden aspens coating the surrounding Sangre de Cristo Mountains, Santa Fe is a city for every season. Lovingly called the City Different, Santa Fe offers a weaving of history stretching from pre-Columbian contact to the nuclear age, and a beauty that draws visitors from all over the world.

La Villa Real de Santa Fe- the Royal Town of Santa Fe- was established by Spanish governor Don Pedro de Peralta in 1608, making the city the oldest continuous capital in what is now the United States. The site at the foothills of the Sangre de Cristo Mountains was once home to an Indian Pueblo that had since been abandoned. Humble adobe buildings were built around a central plaza that is still the focus of the city today. One of those buildings, the Palace of the Governors, served as the capitol building for Spanish, Mexican and Territorial U.S. governors. Gov. Lew Wallace wrote his epic book *Ben Hur* while serving here.

One of the best ways to get to know Santa Fe is to visit the city's museums. Today, the Palace of the Governors is a museum(505-476-5100) and displays more than 15,000 artifacts from the Spanish colonial(1540-1821), Mexican(1821-1846) and U.S. Territorial(1846-1912) periods of New Mexico's history. Weapons, armor, documents, clothing, furniture and items of daily life from the Spanish through U.S. statehood in 1912 are proudly displayed. In fact, the museum itself is an archaeological site, with on-going excavations being conducted before a new annex is to be built. Items ranging from Pueblo pottery sherds to china dinnerware are being uncovered, attesting to the cultural and historic mix upon which Santa Fe is literally built. To think that just down the street is where scientists working on the top secret Manhattan Project at Los Alamos during World War II would report for duty can be heady for history buffs.

After learning a bit about New Mexico's founding history, visit the New Mexico Museum of Fine Art(505-476-5072), where the works of early Santa Fe masters underscore how the city earned

its international reputation as a haven for art. In the 1920s, luminaries such as John Sloan, Andrew Dasburg and Russell Cheney trickled into Santa Fe based on word of mouth. The living was easy and the light spectacular. Georgia O'Keeffe is honored with her own museum(505-946-1000) that features her bold and redefining work. On Museum Hill, the Museum of Indian Arts & Culture(505-476-1250) highlights contemporary Native American art such as that of R.C. Gorman, and the Museum of International Folk Art(505-476-1200) features just that, amazing folk art from around the world, including the donated collection of Alexander Girard. An entire room is dedicated to his thousands of clay figurines that depict Pueblo dances complete with camera-wielding tourists, Mexican Day of the Dead celebrations and a scene of Heaven and Hell where even the devils look cheery. The nearby Wheelwright Museum of the American Indian(505-982-4636) and the Museum of Spanish Colonial Art(505-982-2226) display pieces from New Mexico's Native American and Spanish history. Don't miss the Governor's Gallery on the Fourth Floor of the current state capitol, where contemporary artists from across New Mexico are featured. The internationally acclaimed Santa Fe Opera(505-986-5900) and 1930s ornate Lensic Theater(505-988-1234) are just a few of the venues where the performing arts shine.

Does seeing all of this art and history make you want to take some home? Santa Fe is world renowned for its shopping. From pieces of hand-made Native American turquoise jewelry purchased directly from the artist under the Palace of the Governor's portal to exquisite sculptures and paintings found along Canyon Road, beautiful things abound in the City Different. Shops surrounding the Plaza sell Native American pottery and jewelry, fashionable Southwestern-style clothing, books and gifts. Make sure to explore the side streets beyond the Plaza, as many shops filled with treasures are tucked away waiting to be discovered. Galleries line narrow Canyon Road, perhaps the oldest street still in use in the country. The road follows a 13th-century Indian trail leading from the pueblo that Santa Fe was built upon

to the mountains. The Spanish named it El Camino del Cañon- Canyon Road- and began building along it. Firewood was brought from the mountains to Santa Fe via this route. In the 1920s, artists began moving into the small, then-inexpensive houses, and the road's artistic heritage continues today. Gallery after gallery, many in historic buildings, offers some of the best artwork found in America, and has certainly helped Santa Fe solidify its place as the third largest art market in the country. One of the best things serious shoppers can do for themselves in Santa Fe is to bring a good pair of walking shoes.

If all of this walking and shopping makes you hungry, that's not a problem. Santa Fe boasts many romantic restaurants that constantly garner international praise for their exciting blending of tastes from around the world. Almost always at the center of these creations is New Mexico chile. Many of the chefs have written their own cookbooks so you can try their art at home. From lavish gourmet feasts to a quick handheld breakfast burrito, Santa Fe can easily accommodate whatever craving you may have.

Of course an entire trip can be spent discovering the made-made beauty of Santa Fe, but its surrounding natural beauty is also well worth exploring. At 7,000 feet, Santa Fe is cradled by aspen-covered mountains that provide a cool respite in the summer. In the fall, the mountains turn a blaze of yellows and reds, providing a striking backdrop for the city against the almost always brilliant blue sky. You can drive into this display by following Hyde Park-Ski Basin Road. Come winter Santa Fe offers some of the most rewarding skiing, snowboarding, snow shoeing and cross-country skiing in the nation. Near the end of Canyon Road is the trailhead for the new Dale Bale trail system. Winsor Trail has been called one of the best mountain biking trails in the nation. Anglers, rafters and kayakers enjoy a watery playground on the nearby Río Grande. Santa Fe has several shops that specialize in hiking, biking, skiing, fishing and all other forms of outdoor recreation. These shops are a great place to visit for tips on where to go.

After all of this exploring, treat yourself to any one of Santa Fe's world-class spas, especially if you've never been to one.

Santa Fe Snapshot continued

Luxuriate with any number of massages and treatments, from classic Swedish to Southwestern hot rock treatments. Reflexology, scalp and the latest in spa techniques are also easily found. If it's one thing Santa Fe knows how to do, it's how to melt away stress.

Educated, exercised, well fed and relaxed, the only thing left to do is to get a good night's rest so you can do it all again tomorrow. Santa Fe has a number of attentive hotels to choose from, as well as quaint beds and breakfasts, many in historic homes. In Santa Fe, it's never hard to rest easy.

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History

La Villa Real de Santa Fe- the Royal Town of Santa Fe- was established by Spanish governor Don Pedro de Peralta in 1608, making the city the oldest continuous capital in what is now the United States. The site at the foothills of the Sangre de Cristo Mountains was once home to an Indian Pueblo that had since been abandoned. Humble adobe buildings were built around a central plaza that is still the focus of the city today. One of those buildings, the Palace of the Governors, served as the capitol building for Spanish, Mexican and Territorial U.S. governors. Gov. Lew Wallace wrote his epic book Ben Hur while serving here.

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Travel Tips

Getting There

Air

Albuquerque International Sunport(ABQ)+1 505 244 7780<http://www.sabq.gov/airport> ABQ is about an hour drive from Santa Fe and operates daily flights from the following airlines:

American Airlines(+1 800 433 7300/<http://www.aa.com>) Continental(+1 800 525 0280/<http://www.continental.com>) Delta(+1 800 221 1212/<http://www.delta.com>) Frontier(+1 800 432 1359/<http://www.frontierairlines.com>) Mesa(+1 800 637 2247/ <http://www.mesa-air.com>) Northwest(+1 800 225 2525/<http://www.nwa.com>) Rio Grande Air(+1 866 929 8646/<http://www.riograndeair.com>) SkyWest(+1 435 634 3000/<http://www.skywest.com>)

Southwest(+1 800 435 9792/<http://www.southwest.com>) United(+1 800 241 6522/<http://www.ual.com>) US Airways(+1 800 428 4322/<http://www.usairways.com>)

From the Airport

Shuttle: Faust's Transportation(+1 505 758 3410/<http://www.newmexiconet.com/faust.htm>) Sandia Shuttle Express(+1 888 775 5696/<http://www.sandiashuttle.com>) Santa Fe Shuttle(+1 888 833 2300) Twin Hearts Express(+1 800 654 9456/<http://www.twinheartsexpress.com>)

Car Rental: Advantage(+1 505 247 1066/<http://www.arac.com>) Alamo(+1 800 327 9633/<http://www.alamo.com>) Avis(+1 800 331 1212/<http://www.avis.com>) Budget(+1 800 527 0700/<http://www.budget.com>) Dollar(+1 800 800 4000/<http://www.dollar.com>) Enterprise(+1 800 736 8222/<http://www.enterprise.com>) Hertz(+1 800 654 3131/<http://www.hertz.com>) National(+1 800 227 7368/<http://www.nationalcar.com>) Thrifty(+1 800 847 4389/<http://www.thrifty.com>)

Train

Amtrak(+1 800 872 7245/<http://www.amtrak.com>), located about 18 miles outside of Santa Fe, provides service on the Washington DC to Los Angeles Line. Trains arrive and depart each afternoon.

The New Mexico Railrunner is a commuter train that travels between stops in Albuquerque and Santa Fe. Logon to nmrailrunner.com for schedules.

Bus

Greyhound(+1 800 231 2222/<http://www.greyhound.com>) accesses Santa Fe daily.

Car

Approach Santa Fe from the north and south by Interstate 25.

Getting Around

Bus

Santa Fe Trails(+1 505 955 2001) is the city's bus company providing routes throughout downtown and neighboring communities.

Taxi

Capital City(+1 505 438 0000) Yellow Cab(+1 505 247 8888)

If traveling overseas, take the safety precaution of registering your trip at <https://travelregistration.state.gov> and for helpful, practical advice about traveling technicalities and safety standards check out <http://travel.state.gov/>

©

Fun Facts

1) At 7,000 above sea level, Santa Fe is the United State's highest capital city.

2) Santa Fe is the oldest state capitol in the nation, founded in 1608 by New Mexico's third Spanish governor, Don Pedro de Peralta. It was made the capital of the territory in 1610.

3) Santa Fe's full name is La Villa Real de la Santa Fé de San Francisco de Asís—the Royal Town of the Holy Faith of Saint Francis of Assisi. Say that 10 times fast.

4) Santa Fe(1608) is the third oldest surviving city founded by European colonists in the contiguous 48 U.S. states, after Pensacola(1559) and Saint Augustine(1565), both in Florida.

5) Today a museum, The Palace of Governors on the Santa Fe Plaza is the oldest government building in the United States. www.palaceofthegovernors.org.

6) Lew Wallace wrote Ben-Hur: A Tale of the Christ while he served as New Mexico territorial governor, from 1878 to 1881, in Santa Fe. Ben-Hur was published in 1880, and made into a movie starring Charleston Heston in 1959. His quote in a letter to wife in Indiana, "All calculations based on experience elsewhere, fail in New Mexico," still rings true today.

7) Santa Fe is the end of the Santa Fe Trail, which travels 800 from western Missouri. The trail New Mexico's capital city Santa Fe is the ending point of the 800-mile Santa Fe Trail. Blazed in 1822, it was the trade route between Mexico and the United States until the 1846 Mexican-American War. It laid the path for the railroad that came in the 1880s.

8) The first road established by Europeans in what is now the United States was El Camino Real, the Royal Highway. Established in the 1540s, by 1581 it was carrying Spanish settlers from Mexico City

Santa Fe Snapshot continued

to Santa Fe. Today, I-25 follows portions of the El Camino Real.

9) William H. Bonney—Billy the Kid—lived in Santa Fe in the early 1870s with his mother and step-father, who were married at the Presbyterian Church at 208 Grant Avenue on March 1, 1873. In Santa Fe Bonney learned to speak Spanish, attended school and washed dishes at the La Fonda Hotel, which is still on the Plaza. His family later moved to southern New Mexico, where events led to the Lincoln County Wars and Billy the Kids infamy. He would later return to Santa Fe as a prisoner for three months before being transferred to Mesilla near Las Cruces in April 1881, where he was sentenced to hang.

10) Scientists and others working on the Manhattan Project in Los Alamos would first report to a secret office in Santa Fe. The Manhattan Project was the top-secret

development of the atomic bomb during World War II. Los Alamos was an isolated Army community north of Santa Fe. Those reporting for duty would report to 109 East Palace Avenue in Santa Fe, which is near the Plaza. Arrangements would then be made to transport the person and their luggage to the secret city. Los Alamos residents were allowed to visit Santa Fe occasionally to shop, but were not permitted to speak to anyone and were sometimes followed by security police. Everyone's address while living at Los Alamos was P.O. Box 1663, Santa Fe.

11) Santa Fe is the third-largest art market in the United States, after New York and Los Angeles.

12) Santa Fe's Canyon Road has more than 100 galleries within its one square mile, making it the densest concentration of art galleries in the world.

13) Ski Santa Fe averages 225 inches of snow a year.

14) The Confederate flag flew briefly over Santa Fe during the Civil War in 1863, before Union forces routed the Confederate Army here back to El Paso after the battle of Glorieta Pass, northeast of Santa Fe.

15) The obelisk in the center of the Plaza is called the Indian War Memorial Monument, and was erected in the 1860s to honor Federal troops killed in battles with Native Americans and Confederate forces. The inscription originally made reference to "savage Indians," but sometime in the 1970s a man dressed in a suit chiseled the word "savage" from the marble inscription. There are also pockmarks left by bullets in the monument.

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